

PROTECTING INNOVATION SEED TO EXIT®

# Managing a Patent Portfolio During an Economic Recession



#### About me

- ☐ Founder of M&B IP
- □ Over 20 years of experience in patent portfolios development, IP management and monetization
- **☐** BSc. in Computer Science and Physics
- □ Developed IP strategies for multi-million dollar acquired start-up companies
- ☐ Currently representing hundreds of start-up companies including a handful of "unicorns"
- ☐ Active angel investor
- **☐** Admitted to practice before the USPTO
- **☐** Member of Entrepreneur Organization





## Today's agenda



The importance of patents during a recession



How to get the most for the least



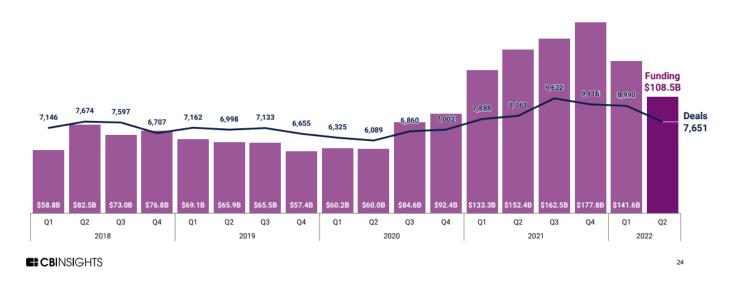
Ways to leverage patents to keep afloat



## Background: global trends in funding

State of Venture | Global Trends | Investment Trends

#### Funding drops by 23% QoQ in Q2'22, deal activity slows



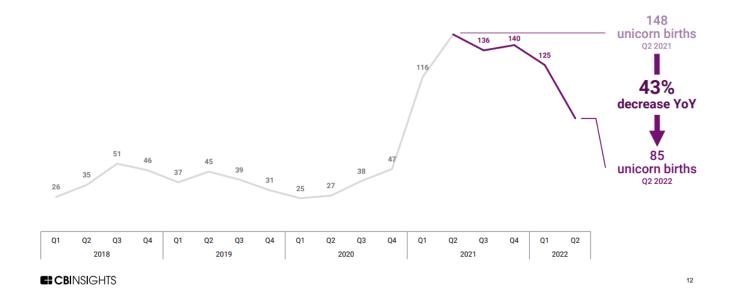
- ☐ For the second straight quarter of 2022, VC funding fell more than 20%
- □ Investors have pulled back on deals by as much as 15% in Q1 2022, especially for startups



## Background: decline of unicorn births

State of Venture | Global Trends | Unicorns, Valuations, & Multiples

#### New unicorn births fall significantly in Q2'22



☐ Births of unicorn companies are now down 43% from their peak in 2021



## Increasing cash flow and runway

- ☐ Startups are trying to remove non-essential expenses
- □ Patents costs are often cut early
  - ☐ This is a mistake!
- □ Decades of experience and data show that this can hurt a company in the long term
- ☐ Focus on *optimizing*, not slashing, the budget



## Risks of abandoning your patent portfolio

1: Limit cash flow

• IP can be leveraged to raise capital

2: Down Round

Weak patent portfolio = lower company valuation

3: Loss of rights

• Disclosing your invention without filing a patent application could make your invention unpatentable

4: Loss of competitive advantage

Your competitors can and will continue without you



## Use your current patent portfolio to secure funds



PATENTS CAN BE COLLATERAL FOR LOANS



SELL UNNEEDED PATENTS:
THEY COULD BE
SOMEONE'S TREASURE



CONSIDER GOVERNMENT GRANT PROGRAMS



### Using patents as collateral for a loan

- □ Banks tend to be the primary lenders providing patent-backed loans and typically lend to startups and emerging companies.
- ☐ Equity investors and even angel investors also provide loans backed by patents
- ☐ The patent-backed loan is secured through a security agreement recorded with the USPTO





#### Your patents could be someone's treasure



- ☐ If your patent is no longer useful to your company, it could still be valuable to someone else
- ☐ Innovation moves in different directions frequently
  - ☐ Start and end points on your patent journey may be completely different than you anticipate



## Consider Government Grant Programs

- ☐ If you need capital to innovate, government or other institutional grants may be an option
- ☐ The requirements for each vary, so discuss with a patent practitioner before signing up





## 5 ways to manage costs effectively



ALIGN IP INVESTING WITH AN IP STRATEGY



REEVALUATE FOREIGN EXPENSES



MANAGE ATTORNEY FEES



TO DELAY
SPENDING



WATCH OUT FOR HIDDEN COSTS



## First: align spending with your current business strategy

- **☐** Reevaluate invention-by-invention
- ☐ Think about future costs
  - ☐ Especially number of office actions
- □ Consider abandoning unimportant patent applications
- ☐ Check if granted patents are still useful
  - **☐** Ongoing maintenance fees





## Second: scrutinize foreign filing expenses

- ☐ Reevaluate each market (country/region)
  - ☐ How useful is the patent in each market?
- ☐ US is top priority
- □ Companies may file non-US applications without much thought
- ☐ Patents in certain markets may provide little return for investment and may not be worth ongoing costs
  - ☐ This can change over time





## Third: manage practitioner time wisely

- □ Consider cost management solutions for your patent agent/attorney
- **☐** Possible solutions:
  - ☐ Cap costs on certain activities
    - ☐ Like filing new applications
  - □ Charge flat fees for certain activities
    - ☐ Like office actions or IDSs
- ☐ Make sure all deadlines are being met to save on unnecessary fees
  - ☐ Office action extensions can add up quickly





### Fourth: delay prosecution costs

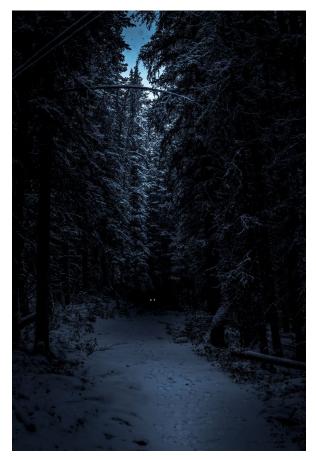
- □ Conserve resources while waiting for the economy to rebound
- ☐ Consider filing a provisional
  - ☐ Must be converted within one(1) year, but no office actioncosts during that year
- ☐ File PCT/international application
  - ☐ Gives a total of around 30-31 months before nationalizing





## Fifth: look out for hidden costs of patents

- □ Opportunity costs of inventor's patenting efforts
- ☐ Look for practitioners who save inventor's time
- ☐ Try to file patent applications without lengthy disclosures
- □ Spend more on legal -> get more out of engineers





## Summary

"Time is the friend of the wonderful company, the enemy of the mediocre."

**Warren Buffett** 



## Questions?



